

FOURTEENTH ANNUAL CONFERENCE

YUCOMAT 2012

Hunguest Hotel Sun Resort Herceg Novi, Montenegro,
September 3–7, 2012
<http://www.mrs-serbia.org.rs>

Programme and The Book of Abstracts

Organised by:
Materials Research Society of Serbia

under the auspices of
Federation of European Material Societies
and
Materials Research Society

Title: THE FOURTEENTH ANNUAL CONFERENCE
YUCOMAT 2012
Programme and the Book of Abstracts

Publisher: Materials Research Society of Serbia
Knez Mihailova 35/IV, 11000 Belgrade, Serbia
Phone: +381 11 2185-437; Fax: + 381 11 2185-263
<http://www.mrs-serbia.org.rs>

Editor: Prof. Dr. Dragan P. Uskoković

Technical editor: Aleksandra Stojičić

Cover page: Aleksandra Stojičić and Milica Ševkušić

Copyright © 2012 Materials Research Society of Serbia

Acknowledgment:



**Materials
Research
Society**



Printed in: Biro Konto
Sutorina bb, Igalo – Herceg Novi, Montenegro
Phones: +382-31-670123, 670025, E-mail: bkonto@t-com.me
Circulation: 200 copies. The end of printing: August 2012

P.S.B.11.

**STRUCTURAL CHARACTERIZATION AND ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES
OF SINTERED MAGNESIUM-TITANATE CERAMICS**

S. Filipović¹, N. Obradović¹, J. Krstić², M. Šćepanović³,
V. Pavlović¹, V. Paunović⁴, M.M. Ristić⁵

¹Institute of Technical Sciences of SASA, Belgrade, Serbia, ²Institute of Chemistry, Technology and Metallurgy, Department of Catalysis and Chemical Engineering, Belgrade, Serbia, ³Institute of Physics, University of Belgrade, Belgrade, Serbia, ⁴Faculty of Electronic Engineering, University of Niš, Niš, Serbia, ⁵Serbian Academy of Sciences and Arts, Belgrade, Serbia

In this article the influence of ball milling process on structure of MgO-TiO₂ system, along with its influence on electrical properties of post-sintering samples, were investigated. Mixtures of MgO-TiO₂ powders were mechanically activated in a planetary ball mill for time interval from 0 to 120 minutes. On thus obtained powders, structural investigations have been performed. N₂ adsorption method was used to determine the BET specific surface area and pore size distribution. Unusual results were obtained: specific surface area continuously decreases up to 40 minutes of activation and after that increases, reaching its minimum value of 5.5 m²/g. The influence of mechanical activation on lattice vibration spectra was examined by Raman spectroscopy at room temperature. For sintered samples characterization, Raman scattering spectroscopy has been used. Very similar spectra for all samples were observed. Raman spectroscopy of sintered samples indicates a presence of two phases, while varieties in spectra were explained with different ratio of present phases. Effect of activation and sintering process on microstructure was investigated by scanning electron microscopy (SEM). Electrical measurements showed difference in dielectric constant (ϵ_r), loss tangent (tg δ) and specific resistance (ρ) as a function of time of mechanical treatment.