

Programme & The Book of Abstracts

Twentieth Annual Conference

# YUCOMAT 2018

Herceg Novi, Montenegro, September 3–7, 2018

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**TWENTIETH ANNUAL CONFERENCE**

# **YUCOMAT 2018**

Hunguest Hotel Sun Resort Herceg Novi, Montenegro,  
September 3-7, 2018  
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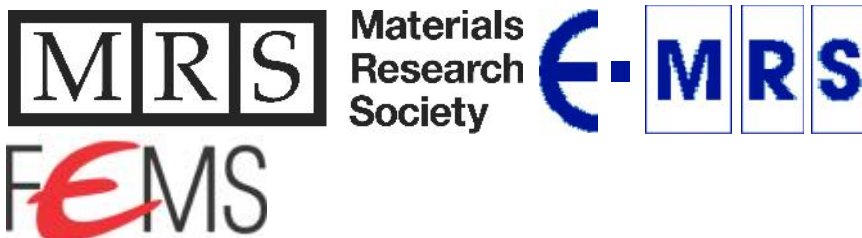
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P.S.A.7.

### **Sintering of alumina doped with different oxides, followed by sensitive dilatometer**

Suzana Filipovi<sup>1</sup>, Nina Obradovi<sup>1</sup>, Smilja Markovi<sup>1</sup>, Antonije or evi<sup>2,3</sup>,  
Aleksandra Dap evi<sup>4</sup>, Jelena Rogan<sup>4</sup>, Vladimir Pavlovi<sup>4</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Institute of Technical Sciences of SASA, Knez Mihailova 35/IV, 11000 Belgrade Serbia; <sup>2</sup>School of Electrical Engineering, University of Belgrade, Bulevar kralja Aleksandra 73, 11000 Belgrade, Serbia; <sup>3</sup>Serbian Academy of Sciences and Arts, Knez Mihailova 35, 11000 Belgrade, Serbia;

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Sintered alumina powder represents suitable material for usage in various industry fields (e.g., as chip carriers in electronics, microwaves, jewelry production), due to convenient physical properties, such as sinterability, electrical and mechanical features. Those properties can be modified by addition of different oxides and/or mechanical treatment. Therefore, in this investigation the alumina was doped with 1 wt. % of Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, Mn<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and NiO, respectively, followed by 1 hour of mechanical activation at 400 rpm in planetary ball mill. Sintering of powder mixtures was tracked by sensitive dilatometer up to 1400 °C. The final density values varied from cca. 2–3.2 g/cm<sup>3</sup>. Changes in microstructure were observed by means of SEM. The influence of additives along with mechanical activation is monitored through changes in electrical permittivity and loss tangent. Compared to pure alumina, the additives lower the relative permittivity and increase dielectric losses. For a given mixture, the sintering increases the relative permittivity and decreases losses.

P.S.A.8.

### **Ni<sub>1-x</sub>Mo<sub>x</sub> dispersed alloys: synthesis and catalytic properties in 1,2-dichloroethane decomposition process**

Yuliya V. Rudneva<sup>1</sup>, Yury V. Shubin<sup>1</sup>, Pavel E. Plyusnin<sup>1</sup>, Yurii I. Bauman<sup>2</sup>, Ilya V. Mishakov<sup>2</sup>

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Catalytic decomposition of chlorinated hydrocarbons on Ni-based alloys is the most promising approach in the recycling of Cl-containing organic wastes, which are generated as a result of chemical productions. In this work we show that Ni<sub>1-x</sub>Mo<sub>x</sub> alloys are the most active catalysts in the number of tested bimetallic systems (Ni-Co, Ni-Cr, Ni-Cu, Ni-Fe, Ni-Pt) in the process of decomposition of 1,2-dichloroethane. The process results in formation of carbon nanofiber with high specific surface area (300–400 m<sup>2</sup>/g). Ni and Mo are thermodynamically immiscible in the region of 10 at.% Mo at T<1000 °C. We successfully prepared Ni<sub>1-x</sub>Mo<sub>x</sub> dispersed alloys with Mo content of 1-13 at.% by the thermolysis of specifically synthesized single-source precursors, containing both metals in desired ratio. The structure and composition of prepared dispersed alloys were confirmed by XRD, TEM, ICP AES and EDX analysis.

The work has been supported by grant of Russian Science Foundation (project 16-13-10192).

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